NAME: _	DATE:
HISTOR	Y: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

HISTORY

Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit. Please see *Teachers' notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	Rome – Paganism and early Christianity	
All students:	Keywords	3
	Vocabulary File	4-6
Activities that are suitable for Learning Support, Language	Activating Students' Existing Knowledge	7
Support and the Mainstream	Completing Sentences	13
Subject Class include:	Multiple Choice	14
	Writing	15
	Wordsearch	20
Learning support and	Working with words	8
Language support:	Sentences	9
Activities suitable for students receiving Learning or	Odd One Out	10
Language Support include:	History Keywords	11
	Unscramble the letters	12
	Alphaboxes	19
	Play Snap	21-23
Language support:	Vocabulary	16
Additional activities for Language Support:	Grammar	17-18
Levels for Language Support	A1 – B1 The language level of each activity is indicated in an information box.	
Learning focus	Using History textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.	
Acknowledgement	The English Language Support Programme acknowledges the permission of Gill and Macmillan to reproduce excerpts from Shortcuts to Success - History Junior Certificate by Charles Hayes.	

Note: The categorisation of activities is indicative only and should not prevent teachers from using any activities that are considered suitable for a particular group of students.

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: Rome	- Paganism and parly Christianity

HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Making the best use of these units

Learning Record

A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each learning support and language support student.

Students should:

- 1. Write the subject and topic on the record.
- 2. Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.
- 3. Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.
- 4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.

Introduction of a topic or activity should ensure that students understand **what** they are doing and **why**. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.

You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.

Encourage students to:

- Bring the relevant subject textbooks to learning/language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
- Take some responsibility for their own learning programmes by:

Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the *Learning Record*, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are also suitable as **homework** tasks or for **self-study**.

HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

Nouns

life

afterlife spirits altars temples tombs army ashes war aspects worship

barbarians **Verbs** battle catacombs to believe Christianity to build Christians to burn civilisation to bury coin to conquer cult to control custom to convert the dead to cry

to die death emperor to honour empire to import ferryman to offer force to pay to persecute funeral

gladiators to pray to sustain god goddess to use to worship illness law

Adjectives

barbarian love market beautiful mystery central non-Christians Christian common passages persecution customary dead priest

religion different sacrifice Egyptian soldiers fashionable favourite foreign Greek major official old pagan religious Roman same traditional underground

Adverbs especially loudly spectacularly

Proper names

Constantine Forum Hades Jupiter Mars Maximus Mithras Napoleon Nero Pompeii River Stvx

Other AD

Rome

Zeus

from that time onwards

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY.	Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Vocabulary file 1

Word	Meaning	Note or example*
afterlife		
altar		
catacomb		
Christianity		
cult		
custom		

^{*} You may wish to write a sentence or phrase, make a note of the page in your textbook where this word appears or, if English is not your first language, provide a translation into your language.

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:
HISTOR	Y: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Vocabulary file 2

Word	Meaning	Note or example
funeral		
gladiators		
goddess		
persecution		
sacrifice		
temples		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and ea	arly Christianity

Vocabulary file 3

Word	Meaning	Note or example
to conquer		
to convert		
to honour		
to worship		
barbarian		
foreign		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME: _____ DATE: ____ DATE: ____ HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: all

Type of activity: whole class Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

Religion

Civilisation

- Invite newcomer students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage all students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories
 (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).

All students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A1

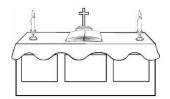
Type of activity: pairs or individual

Suggested time: 30 minutes



Working with words

1. Tick the correct answer



- a) This is an altar.
- b) This is a coin.
- c) This is a forest.
- d) This is an army.



- a) This is a war.
- b) This is a school lunch.
- c) This is the Roman Empire.
- d) This is a school classroom.

2. Find these words in your textbook.

Write your own explanation for these words. Then write a note or example to help you remember the word. Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word	Page in textbook	Explanation	Note or example
battle			
civilisation			
religion			
priest			



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A1

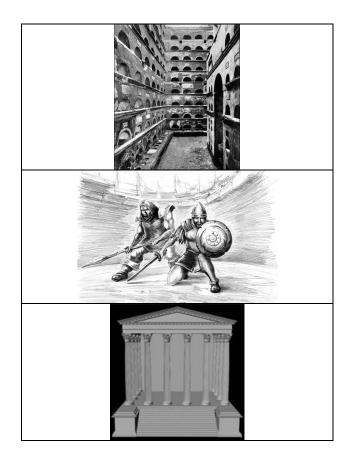
Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes



Picture Sentences

1. Tick the correct answer

- a) This is an emperor.
- b) These are catacombs.
- c) This is a ferryman.
- a) This is pollution.
- b) This is a map.
- c) These are gladiators.
- a) These are people.
- b) This is a temple.
- c) This is a car.



2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences.

famous general a was Julius Caesar	
forced work to slaves were	
fought animals wild gladiators	

NAME: _	DATE:
HISTORY	: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A1/A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Odd One Out

1. Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.

Example:	apple	orange	banana	taxi	
Chris	stian	Egypt	ian	Greek	cat
Mars	3	Jupite	er	Earth	mouth
car		emper	ror	priest	gladiator
pray	er	templ	e	shop	priest

2. Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

to believe	
to die	
to sacrifice .	
to honour	
to worship	



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

NAME:	DATE:	
HISTORY: Rome -	Paganism and early Christianity	

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual
Suggested time: 20 minutes



History Keywords

1. Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below. On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

p_ie_t _____

be_ie_e ____

r_lig_on _____

f_n_ral _____

2. Write as many words as possible related to **Ancient Rome**. You have 3 minutes!

NAME: _____ DATE: ____

HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A1 / A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Unscramble the letters

1.	He is the god of the sun Answer	APLLOO	Look at each word as you write the answer.
2.	The Pantheon is a	TMEPEL	Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?
	Answer	 	Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?
3.	When a person dies they must have a	FUNREL <i>A</i>	Do you know what the word <u>means</u> ?
	Answer	 	
4.	Christians met every Sunday to	PYRA	Have you got this word in your personal
	Answer		dictionary?

Solve the secret code

English=	R	С	D	Ε	F	I	Ν	M	Р	S	T	U
Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W

example: (code) EAWYFRA = STUDENT (English)

LBQFEA =

NAME:	DATE:
HISTOR	Y: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes



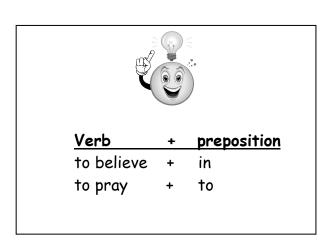
Completing sentences

Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box below.

Religious beliefs							
The Romans believed in several different gods and goddesses, each of which							
controlled a certain aspec	t of life	going into battle, for instance,					
might pray or offer a	to Mar	s, the God of War.					
A person in love might pra	y to Venus, who was	the Goddess of Love.					
Beautiful	were built to	the gods, especially					
around the Forum, or cent	ral market area, in l	Rome. Some Romans also kept small					
altars to their favourite gods in their houses.							
In the fourth century A.D	. the emperor Const	antine became a					
From that time onwards, C	Christianity became	the official religion in Rome.					

Word Box

sacrifice Christian soldiers temples honour



NAME: _____ DATE:____

HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual
Suggested time: 40 minutes



Multiple choice

Read the text below and choose the best answers.

The Romans and death

Most Romans believed in life after death. Some believed that when a person died his or her spirit went to Hades, or the Underworld. To reach Hades the spirit had to be rowed across the River Styx by a ghostly ferryman named Charon. A coin was placed in the mouth of the dead person to pay the mysterious ferryman.

Funerals were important, noisy affairs at which professional wailers were paid to cry loudly for the dead person. Bodies were buried outside the walls of Rome, usually along a roadside.

In the days before Christianity became the official religion of Rome, Christians often buried their dead in underground tunnels called catacombs.

1. What did most Romans believe in? a) a sacrifice b) smoking c) life after death d) drinking 2. What did the Romans usually do to their dead? eat them b) bury them outside the walls a) sell them d) c) nothing 3. What did they pay the ferryman? horns and flutes a) b) a coin a funeral c) wine or food d) Check the meanings of 4. Did Christianity become the religion of Rome? these words: ferryman Yes No a) b) wailer 5. Did the Christians bury their dead in catacombs? catacombs

b)

False

Read the text again and underline the correct answers.

- 1. They placed a book/coin in the mouth of the dead person.
- 2. Funerals were quiet/noisy events.

True

a)

- 3. Professional wailers cried quietly/loudly for the dead person.
- 4. Christians often buried the dead in overground/underground tunnels.

	Writing
	re going to describe what the Romans did when somebody died.
	Read the text again. Make notes of the important points:
	Notes:
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
3.	Do <u>not</u> look at the text again. Use your notes to write your description.

HISTORY: Rome - Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: individual / pairs Suggested time: 30 minutes



Vocabulary

1. Circle the words related to religious belief, paganism and early Christianity.

af	terlife	to believe	place	cult	
goddess	holiday	Christiani	ty ter	nples	
god	to pray	house	teacher	to honour	
city	to worship	weathe	r traffic	sacrifice	priest
children	religious	Zeus	clock	tombs	

2. Match each word to the correct meaning. Use your textbook or dictionary to help you.

afterlife $_{\setminus}$	to kill an animal or person and offer to a god
temple	a particular system of religious belief
sacrifice	a ceremony for burying or burning a dead person
tomb	a building used for the worship of a god
cult	a place where someone is buried
funeral	life which happens after death

3. Write short sentences using these verbs. Be careful with your spelling!

to build		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
to convert	 	
to honour _	 	
to bury		

NAME:	DATE:	
HOTODY: Dame	Deveniens and control obsidionity	

HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: A2/– B1
Type of activity: individual/pair
Suggested time: 40 minutes



Grammar points

Talking about the past

1. Irregular verbs

When we talk about the past we use the past tense. For many verbs we make the past tense by adding __ed to the verb.

For example: He converted to Christianity.

In this Unit we find irregular verbs which do not follow this rule.

Look at your textbook and find the past tense of these verbs:

Verb	Past tense
to build	they
to burn	they
(2 possible answers)	they
to cry	they
to bury	they
to pay	they
to worship	they

2. Expressions of time

We use expressions of time to show when something started or finished. This is very important in History.

For example: from that time onwards in the days before

Put these expressions into sentences to show what they mean. Use your textbook to help you.

before that		
after that		
from that time onwards	 	
in the days before	 	

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY	Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Language Level: All

Type of activity: Individual/pair Suggested time: 40 minutes



Grammar points

- 1. In this Unit, we came across the following adjectives:
 - Roman
 - Egyptian
 - Christian
 - Greek

Why do all these adjectives have a capital letter?

Write five more adjectives that must have a capital letter:				

2. Adjective Hunt

Circle 10 adjectives from this Unit in these columns. Score 4 points for each correct answer.

Who will score the highest? Perhaps you will. Good luck!

emperor	loudly	offer	
custom	major	conquer	Have you ticked this activity on your
barbarian	gladiators	central	Learning Record?
beautiful	pagan	traditional	
mystery	fashionable	bury	
common	Jupiter	customary	
illness	foreign	official	

Score:	points

Can	you	find	3	verbs	in	the	list	above?
-----	-----	------	---	-------	----	-----	------	--------

to	to	to

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: R	ome - Paganism and early Christianity

Alphaboxes

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the <u>word</u> in the relevant box. You could also write the <u>word</u> in your own language.

Write the word in the	e relevant box. You cou	ld also write the word i
α	Ь	С
d	е	f
9	h	i
j	k	
m	n	0
p	q	r
S	t	u
V	W	хуz

Do you understand all these words?



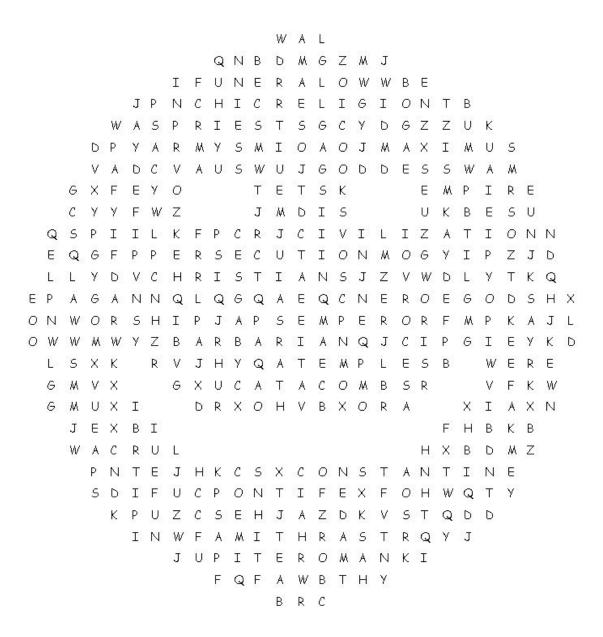
Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity



Word search

Find the words in the box below.



ARMY	EMPEROR	MITHRAS	RELIGION
BARBARIAN	EMPIRE	NERO	ROMAN
CATACOMBS	FUNERAL	PAGAN	TEMPLES
CHRISTIANS	GODDESS	PERSECUTION	WORSHIP
CIVILIZATION	GODS	PONTIFEX	
CONSTANTINE	JUPITER	PRIESTS	
	MAXIMUS		

NAME:	DATE:	
HISTORY: Rome -	Paganism and early Christianity	

Play Snap

Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See *Notes for teachers* for ideas about how to use the cards.

*	
god	god
worship	worship
pagan	pagan

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: Rome – Paganism an	d early Christianity
barbarian	barbarian
Christianity	Christianity
mystery	mystery

NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: Rome – Paganism and ea	rly Christianity
empire	empire
to worship	to worship
civilisation	civilisation

NAME:	DATE:	
HISTORY: Rome - Pagani	sm and early Christianity	

Answer key

Working with words, page 8

1. a,c

Picture Sentences, page 9

1. b,c,b

2. Julius Caesar was a famous general.

Slaves were forced to work

Gladiators fought wild animals.

Odd one out, page 10.

Cat, mouth, car, shop

History Keywords

Priest, noun, believe, verb, religion, noun, funeral, noun

Unscramble the letters, page 12

Apollo, temple, funeral, pray

Secret Code: priest

Completing Sentences, page 13

Religious beliefs

The Romans believed in several different gods and goddesses, each of which controlled a certain aspect of life. **Soldiers** going into battle, for instance, might pray or offer a **sacrifice** to Mars, the God of War.

A person in love might pray to Venus, who was the Goddess of Love.

Beautiful **temples** were built to **honour** the gods, especially around the Forum, or central market area, in Rome. Some Romans also kept small altars to their favourite gods in their houses.

In the fourth century A.D. the emperor Constantine became a **Christian**. From that time onwards, Christianity became the official religion in Rome.

Multiple Choice, page 14

1c,2b,3b,4a,5a

Coin/noisy/loudly/underground

Vocabulary, page 16

1.

af	terlife	to believe	place	cult	
goddess	holiday	Christiani	ty temp	oles	
god	to pray	house	teacher	to honour	
city	to worship	weathe	r traffic	sacrifice	priest
children	religio	us Zeus	clock	tombs	

2. Temple - a building used for the worship of god Sacrifice - to kill an animal or person and offer to a god Tomb - a place where someone is buried Cult - a particular system of religious belief Funeral - a ceremony for buying a dead person.

Grammar points, page 17

Verb	Past tense
to build	they built
to burn	they burned
(2 possible answers)	they burnt
to cry	they cried
to bury	they buried
to pay	they paid
to worship	they worshipped

Grammar points, page 18

Adjectives

Beautiful, common, major, pagan, fashionable, foreign, central, traditional, customary, official

Verbs

to offer, to conquer, to bury

NAME: _	DATE:
HISTORY	: Rome – Paganism and early Christianity

Word Search, page 20

```
WAL
             QNBDMGZMJ
           F U N E R A L O W W B E
          N C H I C R E L I G I O N T B
     WASPRIESTS GCY DGZZUK
       Y A R M Y S M I O A O J M A X I M U S
       DCVAUSWUJGODDESSWAM
  GXFEYO
               TETSK
                           E M P
                                Ι
  C
   y y F W Z
               JMDIS
 Q S P I I L K F P C R J C I V I L I Z
                              T
 EQGF
       P P
          ERSECUT
                    IONMOG
                              Ι
 LLYDVCHRISTIANS
                      JZVWDL
EPAGANN QL QG QAE QC N E R O E
ON WORSHIP JAP SEMPERORF
                              M P
                                 KAJL
OWWMWYZBARBARI ANQJ
                          CIP
                              GI
                                 EYKD
 LSXK
        R V J H Y Q A T E M P L E S B
                                WERE
 GMVX
          G X U C A T A C O M B S R
                                 F K W
           DRXOHVBXORA
 GMUXI
                              XIAXN
  JEXBI
                             FH
                               В
  WACRUL
                           H X B
                               DMZ
    PNTEJHKCSXC
                          ANTINE
                   0 N S T
                    FEXFOHWQTY
    SDIFUCPONTI
     KPUZCSEHJ
                  AZDKVSTQDD
       IN W F A M I T H R A S T R Q Y J
          JUPITEROMANKI
             FQFAWBTHY
                 BRC
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